Definite integral

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Look at three or four or twenty my quizzes and then fill in my please!

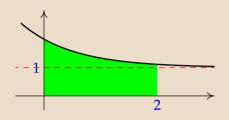


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Quiz The function on the picture is the function $y = e^x$ reflected about the *y*-axis and moved by a unit above. (In notation of this document the function e^x can be written as $\exp(x)$, or $e^{(x)}$.) The green region corresponds to the interval $x \in [0, 2]$.



- **1.** Write an analytical formula for the function. y =
- 2. Express the area of the green region as the definite integral.

$$S = \int dx$$

- **3.** Complete the following formula. This formula can be used later for integration. $\int e^{-x} dx = +C$
- 4. Integrate and use the Newton–Leibniz formula.

S =

5. Substitute the limits and evaluate the integral. S =





6. Write the volume of the of the solid of revolution formed by revolving the green region about the *x*-axis as a definite integral.

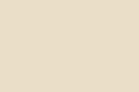
 $V = \pi \int$

7. Simplifying and integrating we get

 $V = \pi \Big[$

8. Find the volume. V =





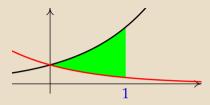






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Quiz The functions on the picture are $y = e^x$ and $y = e^{-x}$ (In notation of this document we can write the function e^x as $\exp(x)$ or $e^-(x)$ and the function e^{-x} as $\exp(-x)$ or $e^-(-x)$.) The green region corresponds to $x \in [0, 1]$.



dx

- **1.** The black curve is y =
- **2.** The red curve is y =
- 3. Write the area of the green region as a definite integral.

 $S = \int$

- 4. Integrate
 - $S = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \end{bmatrix}$
- **5.** Substitute limits and evaluate S =



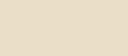


6. Write the volume of the solid of revolution which can be obtained by revolving the green region about the *x*-axis as a definite integral.

$$V = \pi \int$$

- 7. Simplify and integrate.
 - $V = \pi \Big[$
- **8.** Find the volume. V =



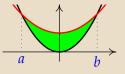








Quiz The functions on the picture are $y = x^2$ and $y = \frac{x^2}{2} + 2$ (In the notation of this document you can write something like $y=x^2$ and $y=x^2/2+2$).



- **1.** The black curve is: y =
- **2.** The red curve is: y =

S = |

- **3.** Find the intercepts of both curves: a = b = b
- 4. Write the area of the green region as a definite integral.
 - $S = \int$
- **5.** The function inside integral is a polynomial. Find the coefficinets of this polynomial.

 $S = \int \left(\begin{array}{c} x^2 + \end{array} \right) \mathsf{d}x$

6. Integrate and use the Newton–Leibniz formula.





dx

7. Write the volume of the solid obtained by a revolution of the shaded region about the *x*-axis as a definite integral.

$$V = \pi \int$$

The function in the integral is a polynomial. Find the coefficients of the polynomial (complete the pattern by numbers).

$$V = \pi \int \left(x^4 + x^2 + \right) dx$$

- 9. Integrate and use the Newton–Leibniz formula.
 - $V = \pi \Big[$
- **10.** Evaluate the integral. V =

π

dx





Quiz The graph of the picture is the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$ shifted by unit to the right and above. (In notation of this document write the function \sqrt{x} as sqrt(x) or $x^{(1/2)}$.)



+C

- **1.** Analytical formula for the function: y =
- 2. Write the area of the colored region as an integral

 $S = \int dx$

- **3.** For integration we use the formula (complete) $\int \sqrt{x} dx = \int x^{\frac{1}{2}} dx =$
- 4. Find the indefinite integral
 - $S = \Big[$
- **5.** Evaluate the integral: S =





6. Write the volume of the corresponding solid of revolution as a definite integral

 π

$$V = \pi \int dx$$

- 7. Simplify and integrate
 - $V = \pi \Big[$
- **8.** Evaluate the volume V =





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